

Applicable Remote Sensors & Sensing Ranges						
Remote Sensor Series	Sensing Range					
	PAB 20 & PAB 30	PAB 10				
	(2 and 3 channels multiplexed)	(1 channel)				
100	12 m	18 m				
110	27 m	40 m				
120	47 m	70 m				

Comments:

The range is reduced to 30 % in short range mode.

Illustration

Please, refer to figure nº 1.

Indicators			
Power On	Green light when power is on		
Signal OK	Green light when signal is sufficient and beam is unbroken		
Output	Yellow light when output is activated		
	Red light for light transmitter error (disconnection or shorted)		
LT/LR error	Yellow light for light receiver error (disconnection or shorted)		
	Yellow and red light flashes for insufficient signal level (for instance caused by contamination on sensors)		

Connection

Wiring Diagrams

Please, refer to figure nº2.

- Check the power supply complies with electrical data.
- Make sure power is off. The amplifiers can be powered using the terminal D3 and D4 or through the bus connector, for instance, using a PPB power supply or from another amplifier with the terminals D 3 and D 4 already connected (powered). 2
- Mount the amplifiers in the DIN rail. And connect all wires to the terminals according to 3 wiring diagrams.
- Select the mode of operation. Switch power on.

Notes:

- The PNP output can optionally be supplied connecting + to terminal E4 and connecting – to the terminals E3 on PAB 10 and F4 on PAB 20 and PAB 30.

Short range

Light operated

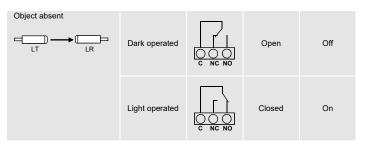
- The amplifiers model X08 (ac version) cannot power other units through the bus

Adjustments Selectors

Short / Long range

Light / Dark operated

Common / Individual (Only in PAB 20 & PAB 30)	• Cor	mmon output	■ Indi	vidual outputs
Output Logic Detection (thru beam) Object present	Output mode	Relay Output	Transistor Output	Output indicator
LT LR	Dark operated	C NC NO	Closed	On
	Light operated	C NC NO	Open	Off



Sensitivity Adjustment

The sensitivity can be adjusted in two large steps with long/ short range selector or continuously with the potentiometer. Maximum sensitivity and long range can be used for most applications and is advised for applications with contaminated environments e.g. dirt, water and dust.

Chose long range and increase the sensitivity to maximum by turning the potentiometer to full clockwise position.

More accurate sensitivity adjustment may be required in applications where objects to be detected are small or translucent. Proceed with the following steps:

1	Make sure there is no object present between remote transmitter and receiver sensors.
2	Select long or short range according to application.
3	Increase sensitivity slowly from minimum (full anti clockwise) until the yellow output indicator changes. Increase a little further until the green Signal OK indicator is on.
4	Select target object with smallest dimensions and most translucent surface.
5	Place target object between remote transmitter and receiver sensors. If the output changes, the sensitivity is adjusted correct. If the output do not change proceed to step 6.
6	Remove the object and decrease the sensitivity by turning the potentiometer counter clockwise until the green Signal OK indicator is off and the LT/LR error indicator flashes simultaneously with red and yellow light
7	Place target object between remote transmitter and receiver sensors. If the output changes the sensitivity is adjusted to suit the target but the adjustment is very delicate and not advisable, please contact your vendor for further information.
	If the signal level is low, the LT/LR error indicator flashes simultaneously with red and yellow light. Check the following:
	Alignment of sensors
	Transmitter and receiver sensors are within sensing range
	Sensor heads are not excessively contaminated

Available Models

Models		Output	Nº of channels	Common output
PAB 10 S	00x	Relay	1	N/A
	10x	NPN		
	20x	PNP		
PAB 20 S	00x	Relay	2 (Multiplexed)	Yes
	10x	NPN		
	20x	PNP		
PAB 30 S	00x	Relay	3 (Multiplexed)	Yes
	10x	NPN		
	20x	PNP		

Long range

Dark operated

The transmitter is disabled if the test input is connected to the internal ground \int (A3). Make sure no object is present in the detection area, between remote transmitter and receiver sensor, when test is activated. When the transmitter is disabled, a change in output will occur.

The alarm output voltage of D1 is high if the amplifier does not indicate errors and low if it indicates an error. The indicated errors are: LT/LR error and insufficient signal level. In the case of insufficient signal level the alarm output is flashing.

Turning off a channel

On the PAB's amplifiers is possible to turn off its channels. This is done by turning the sensitivity potentiometer fully anti clock wise. The channel will then be completely ignored by

On the 2 and 3 channels model, if one channel (on PAB 20) or two channels (on PAB 30) are turned off, the PAB will function as a 1 channel amplifier. Consequently the PAB will be nonmultiplexed and have sensing range accordingly.

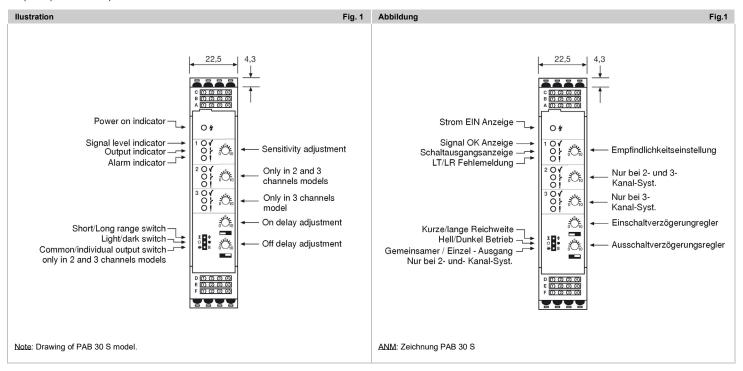
Time Delay Adjustment

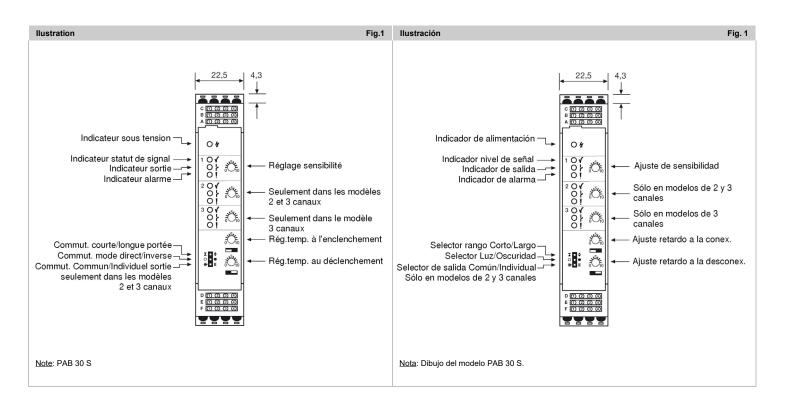
The on delay enables output signal to only activate if an object in the detection area is present for the adjusted time period. The off delay enables output signal to remain activated for the adjusted time period. The time delay is adjustable between 0-10 s.

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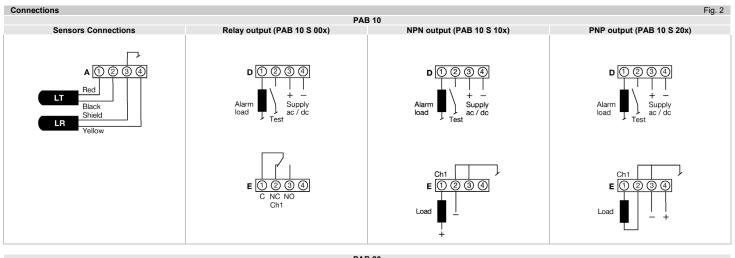


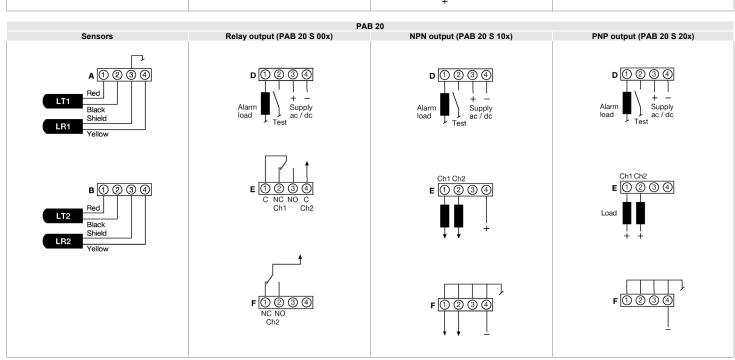


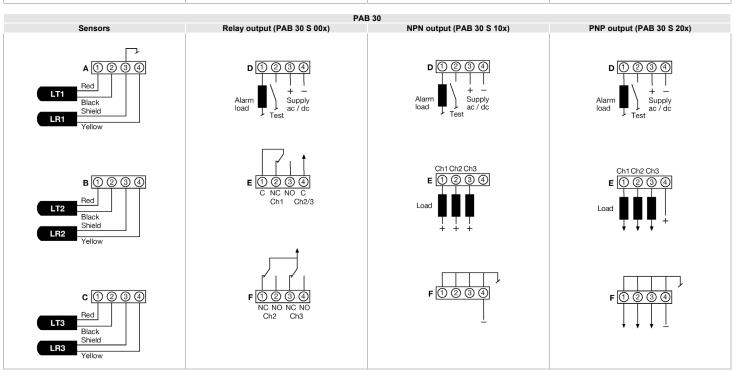


Warning









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